Sickle Cell Disease (SCD) in Georgia, 2015

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Sickle Cell Disease (SCD) in Georgia, 2015

We found 8,017 people with SCD were living in Georgia in 2015.

For online data table of this map, please visit https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/hemoglobinopathies/scdc-state-data/georgia-2015.html#demographics

4 in 10 people with SCD lived in just five metro Atlanta counties (Fulton, Gwinnett, DeKalb, Clayton, and Cobb).

44% Younger than 20 years
46% 20–49 years
10% 50 years and older
How frequently did people with SCD use healthcare services?

The average number of hospital admissions and ED visits rose dramatically after age 19. This is the time when many patients transition (change) from being seen by a pediatric healthcare provider to needing a healthcare provider for adults.

The higher number of hospital admissions and ED visits in young adults may be due to

- More frequent and more severe SCD-related health issues; or
- Lack of access to primary care and specialty care providers for adults with SCD.

Learn more about SCD here: [www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/sicklecell](http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/sicklecell)